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B.Sc. (Part-II) (Semester -IV) (New) Examination, May - 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE

Rela	ation	nal Database Managemen	nt S	ystem (Paper -VII)		
		Sub. Code: 63	711			
		: Monday, 18 - 05 - 2015 n. to 5.00 p.m.		Total Marks: 50		
Instruction	ns:	 All questions are compulsory. Figures to right indicate full m Draw diagram whenever necessary 	narks.			
Q1) Sele	ect co	rrect alternative and rewrite the st	tatem	ent: [10]		
a)		organization of data into relation of the database.	n tab	les is known as		
	i)	physical	ii)	logical		
	iii)	both (i) and (ii)	iv)	none of these		
b)	A _ the	key is a column or c same as the primary key in another		ns in a table whose value are le.		
	i)	primary	ii)	secondary		
	iii)	foreign	iv)	none of these		
c)	c) Primary key constraints and unique constraints are the part ofintegrity constraint.					
	i)	entity	ii)	domain		
	iii)	check	iv)	none of these		
d)		a real world role play	ed by	a named domain.		
	i)	relational	ii)	tuple		
	iii)	attribute	iv)	domain		

Q2) Solve

a) I

b) I

Q3) Solve

a)

c)

d)

e)

f)

H

b) V

c) V

e)	In mysql keywords may be entered in						
	i) lower case	ii)	upper case				
	iii) both (i) and (ii)	iv)	none of these				
f)	In mysql means wa command.	iting	for next line of multiple line				
	i) _>	ii)					
	iii) >	iv)	/*				
g)	Command use to show list of tables	in my	ysql is				
	i) list tables;	ii)	show tables;				
	iii) show databases	iv)	none of these				
h)	symbol can be use to algebra.	show	select operation in relational				
	aigeora.						
	i) σ	ii)					
	The state of the s	r si v					
i)	i) σiii) ULeft, right and full are the types of _	r si v	XJoin.				
i)	i) σ iii) U alda an	iv)	XJoin. outer				
aday	 i) σ iii) U Left, right and full are the types of inner both (i) and (ii) 	iv)	XJoin.				
i)	 i) σ iii) U Left, right and full are the types of i) inner 	iv) ii) iv)	XJoin. outer none of these				
i)	 i) σ iii) U Left, right and full are the types of	iv) ii) iv) pl/sql	Join. outer none of these the command is				

le line

lational

Q2) Solve the following questions (Any Two):

[20]

- a) Discuss in brief about databases security and environment threats.
- b) Discuss the FOR and WHILE loop in pl/sql with suitable example.*
- c) What is cursor? Discuss its types.
- Q3) Solve the following questions (Any Four):

[20]

- a) Write in brief about Cartesian product.
- b) Write definition of relation, attribute, tuple and domain.
- c) What is sub-query? give suitable example.
- d) Write a pl/sql block to print the numbers from 1 to 10 in reverse order.
- e) What is trigger? Write its types.
- f) How specific record can be searched in mysql?

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Total No. of Pages: 3

B.Sc. (Part - II) (Semester - III) Examination, November - 2014 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper - VI) (New) Object Oriented Programming Using C++ Sub. Code: 63611

Day and Date: Friday, 14 - 11 - 2014	
5.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m	Total Marks: 50
Instructions: 1) All questions are c	Thanks: 50
2) Figures to the will	ompulsory.
01) Salast	t indicate full marks.
er) Belect correct alternative and rewri	te the state
a) The insulation of data from d	lirect access by unauthorized functions is
called	unauthorized functions is
1) Inheritance	
iii) Polymorphism	ii) Data hiding
b) stream is used to	iv) Message passing
i) Cin stream is used to (display output.
iii) Cout	ii) Main
,	iv) None of these
any class.	function which accepts private data of
i) Friend	linear private data of
	ii) Destructor
	iv) None of these
destructor is used for	y tone of these
i) Creating an object	ii) Initializa vari 11
e) is a special momba	ii) Initialize variable
e) is a special member	None of these
initialization of object.	function of class used for automatic
i) Friend	
iii) Constructor	ii) Inline iv) None of these

	provides facility of hiding	data data			<i>Q3</i>) Atte	empt
Tou	Pleto'I				a)	Ex
					b)	Ho
						W
The	operator << is known as	0	perator.		III Sec.	
1)	Extraction	ii)	Insertion			Ex
iii)	Binary	iv)	Scope resolution			W
and the	is not a reserved word in	C ++.			f)	W
1)	Mutable	ii)				
111)						
i i i	the facility of the property fall					
	2 22 200					
	e constructor that cannot takes	argui	nent is carroa	(f		
	Stand Internal					
11)						
画)	Default					
iv)	Destructor					
tempt	TWO of the following			[20]		
760	de la different concepts used	in a ol	bject oriented progra	mming?		
					ß	
13						
	The i) iii) iii) The cor i)	ii) A class iii) Pointers in C ++ The operator << is known as	ii) A class iii) Pointers in C ++ iv) The operator << is known as or i) Extraction ii) Extraction iii) Binary is not a reserved word in C ++ iv) is not a reserved word in C ++ iv) is a collection of variables of divibility. is a collection of variables of divibility. The constructor that cannot takes argument constructor. i) Copy ii) Parameterised iii) Default Destructor TWO of the following different concepts used in a of the constructor.	provides facility of hiding data or functions. i) A class ii) An object iv) None of these The operator << is known as operator. i) Extraction ii) Insertion iii) Binary iv) Scope resolution is not a reserved word in C ++. i) Mutable ii) Default iii) Readable iv) Volatile is a collection of variables of different data types. ii) Structure ii) Class iii) Array iv) Both a and c The constructor that cannot takes argument is called constructor. i) Copy ii) Parameterised Default Destructor TWO of the following different concepts used in a object oriented programment is called for two	ii) A class iii) An object iii) Pointers in C ++ iv) None of these The operator << is known as operator. i) Extraction ii) Insertion iii) Binary iv) Scope resolution is not a reserved word in C ++. i) Mutable ii) Default iii) Readable iii) Readable iii) Volatile is a collection of variables of different data types. ii) Structure iii) Class iii) Array iv) Both a and c The constructor that cannot takes argument is called constructor. i) Copy ii) Parameterised iii) Default iv) Default	provides facility of hiding data or functions. i) A class ii) An object a) a) iii) Pointers in C ++ iv) None of these b) The operator << is known as operator. i) Extraction ii) Insertion iii) Binary iv) Scope resolution c) multiple ii) Default iii) Readable is a collection of variables of different data types. ii) Structure iii) Class iii) Array iv) Both a and c The constructor that cannot takes argument is called constructor. ii) Copy ii) Parameterised iii) Default iii) Default iii) Default iii) Copy iii) Parameterised iii) Default iii) Default iii) Default iii) Parameterised iii) Default iii) Parameterised iii) Default

Q3) Attempt any Four of the following

[20]

- a) Explain class declaration with suitable example.
- b) How to define member function outside a class? Explain.
- c) What is difference between constructor and destructor?
- d) Explain different types of operators in C++.
- e) What is data encapsulation?
- f) Write a program to overload unary ++ operator.

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B.Sc. (Part - II) (Semester - III) (Revised) Examination, November - 2014
COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper - V) (New)
Fundamental of Software Engineering

Live dependency will be removed

Sub. Code: 63611 Day and Date : Thursday, 13 - 11 - 2014 Total Marks: 50 Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Draw diagram whenever necessary. Figure to right indicate full marks. 3) Q1) Select correct alternative and rewrite the sentence. [10] Environment is _____ with in which an organization operates. ii) i) Subsystem Suprasystem iii) Output iv) None The major objective of the system is to produce ____. Input Output Feedback iii) iv) Control Rectangle can be used to show the entity in _____. Data flow diagram i) Entity relationship diagram. iii) Both i) and ii) iv) None In _____ system output is unknown. d) i) Deterministic Probabilistic iii) Both i) & ii) iv) None of these System Development Life Cycle (SDLC) contain _____ phases. e) Requirement analysis ii) System analysis i) System design iii) iv) All of these Designing the database is a part of ____ phase in SDLC. i) Testing ii) Implementation

iv) Design

	g)	In 3 NF transitive dependency will be removed means dependency between					
		i)	Non - key attributes	ii)	Key attributes		
		iii)	Both i) & ii)	iv)	None of these		
	h)	the r	is the most significant way o regular routine of the organizat	f gathering ion.	g the data without disturbin	ıg	
		i)	Interview	ii)	Observation		
		iii)	Questionnaire	iv)	All of these		
	i)	The	system which does not interac	t with envi	ronment is called as	2 2	
		i)	Open system	ii)	Close system		
		iii)	DSS	iv)	All of these	(2.5)	
	j)		can be used to show the p	process in	DFD.		
		i)	Rectangle	ii)	Circle	E	
		iii)	Ellipse	iv)	None of these		
Q2)	Solv	e any	y TWO		[20		
	a)	Disc	uss the different types of syste	ems.	Maria Maria	1	
	b)	Write	e the case study of system for	library inf	ormation system.		
	c)	Write	e the general consideration whi discuss its different types.	le designi	ng the input and output and	d	
Q3)	Atte	mpt a	iny FOUR		[20	1	
	a)	Expl	ain in brief about testing.				
	b)	Wha	t is Data Dictionary?				
	c)	Disci	uss in brief Entity relationship	diagram.			
	dı	Write	e in brief about decision table.				
	e)	What	t is feasibility study?				
	f)	What	t is normalization? Write 1NF,	2NF, 3NF.			
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B.Sc. (Pa

Day and Da Time: 3.00

Instructions

Q1) Select

a)

to i)

b)

iii

i)

iii

c)

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d)

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Total No. of Pages: 3

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B.Sc. (Part-II) (Semester-III) (New) Examination, May- 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Revised)

Fundamental of Software Engineering (Paper - V)

		Sul	b. Code:	: 63611
		e :Friday, 29 - 05 - 20 .m. to 5.00 p.m.	015	Total Marks: 50
Instructi		 All questions a Draw diagram Figures to the 	whenever indica	te full marks.
<i>Q1</i>) Se	lect c	orrect alternative and	d rewrite th	te sentence. [10]
a)	tot	is the element is the input for modific	nt of the sy ation if req	stem, which will check and again give uired.
	i)	Control	ii)	Environment
	iii)	Feedback	iv)	All of these
b)		are the cha	racteristics	s of system.
	i)	Organization	ii)	Interdependence
	iii)	Integration	iv)	All of these
c)	dist	is the most urbing the regular ro	significan	at way of gathering the data without e organization.
	i)	Interview	ii)	Observation
	iii)	Questionnaire	iv)	all of these
d)	The	system which does i	not interact	with environment is called as
	i)	Open system	ii)	close system
	iii)	DSS	iv)	all of these
e)		can be use to s	show the en	ntity in ERD.
	i)	Rectangle	ii)	Circle
	iii)	Ellipse	iv)	none of these

Q3) An

a)

b)

c)

d)

e)

f)

f)	T	PS stands for	•	the remarked regards about the principle	
	i)	Transfer processing	system	-0%	
	ii)	ii) Transaction processing system			
	iii)	iii) Transaction producing system			
	iv)	iv) All of these			
g)	g) During the feasibility study financial study about the system will be con in the				
	i)	Technical feasibility			
	ii)	Economic feasibility			
	iii)	Operational feasibility			
	iv)	none			
h)	In system output is unknown.				
	i)	Deterministic	ii)	Probabilistic	
	iii)	both 1&2	iv)	none	
i)	Relation between the entity can be shown by 1:1, 1:M, M:M which can be shown using the technique.				
	i)	Data flow diagram	ii)	Decision table	
	iii)	Decision tree	iv)	None of these	
j)	is the element of the system that interact in actual transformation of input into output.				
	i)	Output/Input	ii)	Environment	
	iii)	Processor	iv)	Control	
Q2) Solv				[20]	
a)	Discuss the different characteristics and qualities of software developed using software engineering.				
b)	What is normalization? Explain in detail 1NF, 2NF, 3NF with suitable				
c)	Wha	t is software testing? Ex	cplain	in brief white box, black box, alpha	

anduct

N-1310

[20]

Q3) Attempt any FOUR:

Write the role of system analyst in brief. a)

- How decision tree helps to take decision in the system. b)
- What do you meant by feasibility study? c)
- What is change over? explain it in brief. d)
- What is the role system development tool in system design? e)
- What is data dictionary? f)

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B.Sc. (Part - III) (Semester - V) Examination, April - 2015 **MATHEMATICS**

Real Analysis (Paper - IX) Sub. Code: 54876

Day and Date: Saturday, 25 - 04 - 2015

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Total Marks: 40

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2)
- Q1) Select the correct alternative for each of the following:

a) If a function f is bounded and integrable in [a, b] and k is a number such

that
$$|f(x)| \le k$$
, $\forall x \in [a, b]$ then $\left| \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx \right| \le$ _____.

i)
$$k|b-a|$$

ii)
$$\frac{(b+a)}{k}$$

iii)
$$k|b+a|$$

iv)
$$\frac{(b-a)}{k}$$

If f and g are two real valued functions then min (f, g) =____

i)
$$\frac{|f+g|+f-g}{2}$$

ii)
$$\frac{-|f-g|+f+g}{2}$$

iii)
$$\frac{|f-g|+f+g}{2}$$
 iv)
$$\frac{|f-g|+f-g}{2}$$

$$iv) \quad \frac{|f-g|+f-g}{2}$$

c) If $s = \{s_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \in \ell^2 \text{ and } t = \{t_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty} \in \ell^2 \text{ then } \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

i)
$$||s+t||_2 \ge ||s||_2 + ||t||_2$$

ii)
$$||s+t||_2 > ||s||_2 + ||t||_2$$

iii)
$$||s+t||_2 \le ||s||_2 + ||t||_2$$

iv)
$$||s+t||_2 = ||s||_2$$

- d) If $\phi'(x) = f(x)$ for all $x \in \text{domain of the function } f$ then i) f(x) is called an integral of $\phi(x)$ f'(x) is called an integral of $\phi(x)$ $\phi'(x)$ is called an integral of f(x) $\phi(x)$ is called an integral of f(x)The sequence 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, ... is _____ not (C, 1) summable divergent oscillatory iv) (C, 1) summable If f is a function from A into B and if range of f = B then f is called function. one-one & onto 11) i) onto none of these one-to-one 111) If $\{s_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a sequence of real numbers that is not bounded above then $\lim_{n\to\infty}\sup s_n=\underline{\qquad}.$ $-\infty$ ii) 1.u.b. $\{s_n, s_{n+1}, s_{n+2}\}$ g.l.b. $\{s_n, s_{n+1}, s_{n+2}, ...\}$ iv) ∞ The theorem that if $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is non increasing sequence of positive algorithms. and if $\sum a_n$ converges, then $\lim_{n\to\infty} na_n = 0$ is called ______. Leibnitz's theorem ii) Pringsheim's theorem iv) Dirichilet's theorem Abel's theorem
- Q2) Atte
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- Q3) Atten
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)

 - n I

Q2) Attempt any two of the following:

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Prove that a non-decreasing sequence which is bounded above is

- Define conditional convergence and absolute convergence of a series. If series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ converges absolutely, then prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ converges.
- If f and g are both bounded and integrable on [a, b], then prove that f.g is also bounded and integrable over [a, b].

Q3) Attempt any four of the following:

- a) If $\{s_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is a convergent sequence of real numbers, then prove that $\lim_{n\to\infty}\sup s_n=\lim_{n\to\infty}s_n.$
- b) If $f: A \to B$ and $X \in A$ and $Y \in B$ then prove that $f(X \cap Y) \subset f(X) \cap f(Y)$.
- Show that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$ converges. c)
- Prove that countable union of countable sets is countable. d)
- Show that f is not integrable in any interval, $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{where } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1, & \text{where } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$
- Prove that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ converges.